

Bovine Respiratory Disease (BRD) is the most common and costly disease affecting the beef cattle industry. BRD (also referred to as Shipping Fever) is associated with infections of the lungs causing pneumonia. This condition is often seen in stressed and high risk cattle. BRD is often reported as the main cause of morbidity (sickness) and mortality (deaths) in feedlots.

BRD is a multi-factorial disease that involves an interaction between several factors, including:

- Environmental factors such as transport, co-mingling, crowding, weather fluctuations, etc.
- Infectious agents including:
  - Bacteria
  - Viruses
  - Parasites

#### What is Norfenicol® Injectable Solution?

Norfenicol Injectable Solution is a broad-spectrum, fast-acting injectable antibiotic containing florfenicol. Norfenicol contains the same active ingredient and is bioequivalent to Nuflor\* (florfenicol).

#### What is Norfenicol® indicated for?

**Norfenicol** is indicated for **treatment** of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with *M. haemolytica*, *P. multocida*, and *H. somni* – the three primary bacterial pathogens associated with BRD. It is also indicated

for the **control** of respiratory disease in cattle at high risk of developing BRD associated with *M. haemolytica*, *P. multocida*, and *H. somni*.

**Norfenicol** is also indicated for the **treatment** of bovine interdigital phlegmon (foot rot, acute interdigital necrobacillosis, infectious pododermatitis) associated with *F. necrophorum* and *B. melaninogenicus*.

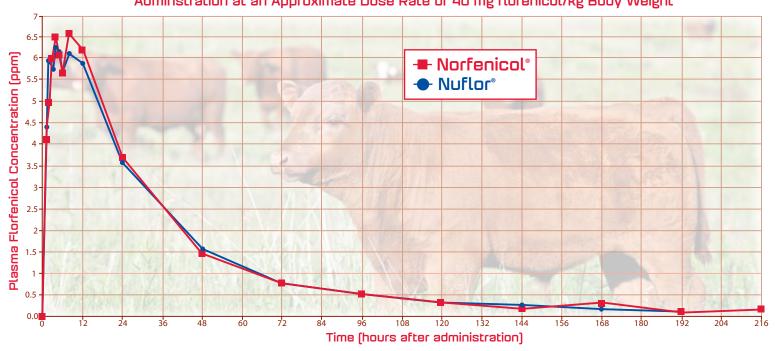
## What makes Norfenicol® effective when treating BRD?

Norfenicol is a broad-spectrum, highly effective antibiotic that inhibits bacterial protein synthesis. Norfenicol has both bacteriostatic and bactericidal activity against the major pathogens of BRD. In addition, it has a high volume of distribution allowing it to get to the site of infection for effective treatment and control of BRD.

# How quickly is Norfenicol® absorbed and distributed to the site of infection?

**Norfenicol** reaches therapeutic levels quickly – usually within 30 minutes after adminstration. Florfenicol remained therapeutically active in the blood through at least 60 hours (2.5 + days). The fast absorption delivers rapid onset of action.

Mean Plasma Concentrations of Florfenicol (ppm) in Cattle Following a Single SQ Adminstration at an Approximate Dose Rate of 40 mg florenicol/kg Body Weight



## What are the product benefits of Norfenicol®?

- **Norfenicol** is an excellent first-choice, broadspectrum antibiotic for the **treatment** and **control** of BRD and **treatment** of footrot. The major benefits of **Norfenicol** include:
- Shorter Sub-Q withdrawal period vs. Nuflor For one-dose Sub-Q Norfenicol, the withdrawal period is 33 days (vs. Nuflor at 38 days) prior to slaughter. For two-dose IM Norfenicol, the withdrawal period is 28 days prior to slaughter.
- Enhanced Product Characteristics Tests show that Norfenicol is less viscous and more syringeable than Nuflor, allowing for easier use and administration.
- New Plastic Bottles Norfenicol is the only injectable cattle antibiotic sold in the U.S. that is packaged in unbreakable plastic bottles. No more "protective sleeves" to deal with and no more expensive product losses due to breakage.
- Flexible Sub-Q Dosing to fit your management practices
  - High Risk Cattle Norfenicol can be used in high-risk cattle entering a feedyard. A single 6-mL/100 lbs. Sub-Q dose on arrival quickly and effectively helps reduce morbidity and mortality rates.
  - Hospital Treatment Norfenicol, either at one dose Sub-Q at 6 mL/100 lbs. OR two doses Intramuscular (IM) at 3 mL/100 lbs., two days apart, quickly provides effective relief from BRD.

Recommended

Injection Location

Do not inject

more than 10 mL per injection site

#### Norfenicol Injectable Solution Dosage Guide

Animal Weight (lbs)	IM Dosage 3.0 mL/100 lb Body Weight (mL)	SC Dosage 6.0 mL/100 lb Body Weight (mL)
100	3.0	6.0
200	6.0	12.0
300	9.0	18.0
400	12.0	24.0
500	15.0	30.0
600	18.0	36.0
700	21.0	42.0
800	24.0	48.0
900	27.0	54.0
1000	30.0	60.0

 Fast Therapy – Reaches therapeutic levels within 30 minutes after injection that promotes faster recovery from BRD and footrot.

#### Florfenicol Comparison

		THE RESERVE TO SECURITION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE			
Comparisons	Norfenicol <sup>®</sup>	Nuflor®	Nuflor <sup>®</sup> Gold		
	M. haemolytica	M. haemolytica	M. haemolytica		
	P. multocida	P. multocida	P. multocida		
Pathogens	H. somni	H. somni	H. somni		
	Fusobacterium Bacteroides	Fusobacterium Bacteroides	Mycoplasma bovis		
	Treat BRD	Treat BRD			
Indications	Control BRD	Control BRD	Treat BRD		
	Treat Footrot	Treat Footrot			
Withdrawal	33 Days (SQ)	38 Days (SQ)	44 Days (SQ)		
Withdrawai	28 Days (IM)	28 Days (IM)	44 Days (3Q)		
Dose (SQ)	6 mL/cwt	6 mL/cwt	6 mL/cwt		
Dose (IM)	3 mL/cwt repeat 48 hrs later	3 mL/cwt repeat 48 hrs later	N/A		
mLs Per Injection Site	10 mL	10 mL	15 mL		
Florfenicol Concentration	300 mg/mL	300 mg/mL	300 mg/mL		
Bottle Composition	Plastic	Glass	Glass		

## Can Norfenicol® be used in lactating dairy cows?

Do not use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older or in calves to be processed for yeal.

### How is Norfenicol® supplied?

Norfenicol Injectable Solution is packaged in 100 mL, 250 mL, and 500 mL plastic bottles.





PRODUCT

## 300 mg/mL Injectable Solution (lorfenicol

non-lactating dairy cattle only. For intramuscular and subcutaneous use in beef and

older or in calves to be processed for yeal. Not for use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or

the order of a licensed veterinarian CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on

DESCRIPTION: Norfenicol® Injectable Solution is a solution of the synthetic antibiotic florfenicol. Each militirer of sterile Norfenicol Injectable Solution contains 300 mg of florfenicol, 250 mg 2-pyrrolidone, and glycerol

treatment of bovine interdigital phlegmon (foot rot, acute interdigital necrobacillosis, infectious pododermatitis) INDICATIONS: Norfenicol Injectable Solution is indicated for treatment of bovine respiratory disease haemolytica, Pasteurella multocida, and Histophilus developing BRD associated with Mannheimia associated with Fusobacterium necrophorum and the control of respiratory disease in cattle at high risk of Pasteurella multocida, and Histophilus somni, and for the (BRD) associated with Mannheimia haemolytica, Bacteroides melaninogenicus. Also, it is indicated for

later. Alternatively, Norfenicol Injectable Solution can be administered by a single subcutaneous (SC) injection to cattle at a dose rate of 40 mg/kg body weight (6 mL/100 lbs). Do not administer more than 10 mL at each size. The injection should be given only in the neck. NOTE: Intramuscular injection may result in local tissue reaction which persists beyond 28 days. This may result in trim loss of edible tissue at slaughter. Issue reaction at injection sites other than the neck is likely to be more should be administered by intramuscular injection to cattle at a dose rate of 20 mg/kg body weight (3 mL/100 lbs). A second dose should be administered 48 hours phlegmon (foot rot): Norfenical Injectable Solution bovine respiratory disease (BRD) and bovine interdigital Severe DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION: For treatment of

For control of respiratory disease in cattle at high-risk of developing BRD: Norfenicol Injectable Solution should be administered by a single subcutaneous injection to cattle at a dose rate of 40 mg/kg body weight (6 mL/100lbs). Do not administer more than 10 mL at each site. The injection should be given only in the neck.

NORFENICOL INJECTABLE SOLUTION DOSAGE GUIDE

ANIMAL WEIGHT (Ibs)  100 200 300	ANIMAL IM SC  WEIGHT (lbs) DOSAGE 30 mL/100 lb Body Weight (mL) Body Weight (mL)  100 3.0 mL/100 lb 6.0 mL/100 lb 6.0 mL/100 lb 100 3.0 6.0 12.0 300 9.0 18.0	SC DOSAGE 6.0 mL/1001b Body Weight (mL) 6.0 12.0
300	9.0	18.0
400	12.0	24.0
500	15.0	30.0
600	18.0	36.0
700	21.0	
800	24.0	
900	27.0	54.0
1000	30.0	

# Recommended Injection Location

Do not inject more than 10 mL per injection site.

initiation of treatment, the diagnosis should be positive response is not noted within 72 hours of subjects within 24 hours of initiation of treatment. If a Clinical improvement should be evident in most treated

snown hypersensitivity to florfenical. CONTRAINDICATIONS: Do not use in animals that have

a physician if irritation persists, Accidental injection of this product may cause local irritation. Consult a physician immediately. The Material Safety Data Sheet accidental eye exposure, flush with water for 15 minutes. In case of accidental skin exposure, wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Consult contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. In case of that can be irritating to skin and eyes. Avoid direct REACH OF CHILDREN. This product contains materials WARNINGS: NOT FOR HUMAN USE, KEEP OUT OF MSDS) contains more detailed occupational safety

a copy of the MSDS, call 1-866-591-5777 For customer service, adverse effects reporting, and/or

breeding purposes. The effects of florfenical on bovine reproductive performance, pregnancy, and lactation have not been determined. Toxicity studies in dogs, rats, sites other than the neck is likely to be more severe. persists beyond 28 days. This may result in trim loss of edible tissue at slaughter. Tissue reaction at injection injection may result in local tissue reaction which testicular degeneration and atrophy. Intramuscular and mice have associated the use of florfenicol with PRECAUTIONS: Not for use in animals intended for

within 33 days of subcutaneous treatment. This product is not approved for use in female dairy cattle product is not approved for use in female dairy cows. 20 months of age or older, including dry dairy cows. Use in these cattle may cause drug residues in milk and/or in calves born to these cows. A withdrawal consumption must not be slaughtered within 28 days of the last intramuscular treatment. Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered period has not been established in pre-ruminating RESIDUE WARNINGS: Animals intended for human calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal

> tollowing treatment. consumption, or diarrhea may occur transiently ADVERSE REACTIONS: Inappetence, decreased water

distribution, clearance, and percent bioavailability dose of 20 mg/kg body weight. Florfenicol injectable CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY: The pharmacokinetic same cattle in order to calculate the volume of solution was also administered intravenously (IV) to the intramuscular (IM) administration at the recommended evaluated in feeder calves following single disposition of florfenicol injectable solution was

Body Weight to Feeder Calves (n=10). Florfenical Following IM Administration of 20 mg/kg TABLE 1. Pharmacokinetic Parameter Values for

* harmonic mann	Clt (mL/min/kg)*** 3.75	Vdss (L/kg)**** 0.77	Bioavailability (%) 78.5	AUC (µg-min/mL) 4242	T ½ (hr) 18.3**		Cmax (µg/mL) 3.07*	Parameter Median
degraphic concentration	3.17 - 4.31	0.68 - 0.85	59.3 - 106	3200 - 6250	8.30 - 44.0	0.75 - 8.00	1.43 - 5.60	Range

T<sub>max</sub> Time at which C<sub>max</sub> is observed T M Biological balf-life AUC Area under the curve Vd<sub>ax</sub> Volume of distribution at steady state

with a mean concentration of 0.19 µg/mL. The protein binding of florfenicol was 12.7%, 13.2%, and 18.3% at serum concentrations of 0.5, 3.0, and 16.0 µg/mL, through 60 hours after intramuscular administration Florfenicol was detectible in the serum of most animals

MICROBIOLOGY: Florfenicol is a synthetic

demonstrate that florfenicol is active against the bovine respiratory disease (BRD) pathogens Mannheimia haemolytica, Pasteurella multocida, and Histophilus synthesis. Florfenicol is generally considered a bacteriostatic drug, but exhibits bactericidal activity Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria isolated from domestic animals. It acts by binding to the 50S as well as against commonly isolated bacterial pathogens in bovine interdigital phlegmon including somm, and that florfenicol exhibits bactericidal activity against strains of M. haemolytics and H. somm. Clinical melaninogenicus. Fusobacterium necrophorum and Bacteroides studies confirm the efficacy of florfenicol against BRD against certain bacterial species. In vitro studies ribosomal subunit and inhibiting bacterial protein broad-spectrum antibiotic active against many

1993. The MICs for interdigital phlegmon organisms were determined using isolates obtained from natural infections from 1973 to 1997 (Table 2). solates obtained from natural infections from 1990 to florfenicol for BRD organisms were determined using The minimum inhibitory concentrations (MICs) of

> TABLE 2. Florfenical Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC) Values\*of Indicated Pathogens Isolated from Natural Infections of Cattle.

> > 0915-591-101B

Bacteroides melaninogenicus	necrophorum	Histophilus somni	Pasteurella multocio	Mannheimia haemolytica	Indicated Pathogens
1973 to 1997	1973 to 1997	1990 to 1993	(a) 1990 to 1993	1990 to 1963	Year of Isolation
8	8		350	Æ.	Number of isolates
820	025	025	0.5	0.5	(hg/ml.)
025	820	0.5	0.5	-	(Jug/mL)

\*The correlation between the or vitro autocoptibility data and clinical effectiveness is unknown. \*The lowest MIC to encompass SINs to SINs of the most sucreptible solution, respectively.

decreased body weight, and increased serum enzymes were observed following dose administration. These feeder calves. Two intramuscular injections of 200 mg/kg were administered at a 48-hour interval. The dose. Marked anorexia, decreased water consumption calves were monitored for 14 days after the second ANIMAL SAFETY: A 10X safety study was conducted

(most frequently at the 3X and 5X dose levels), primarily near the end of dosing. water consumption, body weight, urine pH, and increased serum enzymes, were observed in the 3X and 5X dose groups. Depression, soft stool consistency, and dehydration were also observed in some animals treatment (6 injections at 48-hour intervals). Slight decrease in feed and water consumption was effects resolved by the end of the study.
A 1X, 3X, and 5X (20, 60, and 100 mg/kg) safety study
was conducted in feeder calves for 3X the duration of observed in the 1X dose group. Decreased feed and

A 43-day controlled study was conducted in healthy cattle to evaluate effects of florfenicol injectable weight, rate of gain, or feed consumption. feed consumption was observed, florfenicol injectable solution administration had no long-term effect on body feed consumption. Although a transient decrease in solution administered at the recommended dose on

provided the mean kinetic temperature does not exceed 77°F (25°C); however, such exposure should be minimized. The solution is light yellow to straw colored. (25°C). Refrigeration is not required. Excursions permitted up to 86°F (30°C). Brief exposure to STORAGE INFORMATION: Store at or below 77°F Use within 28 days of first vial puncture. Color does not affect potency. temperature up to 104°F (40°C) may be tolerated

multiple-dose vials. packaged in 100 mL, 250 mL, and 500 mL sterile HOW SUPPLIED: Norfenical Injectable Solution is

REFERENCE: Lobell RD, Varma KJ, et al. Therap. 1994; 17: 253-258 and intramuscular doses to cattle. J Vet Pharmacol Pharmacokinetics of florfenicol following intravenous

Made in the UK. Restriced Drug - California. Use Only as Directed

Northern Ireland Manufactured by: Norbrook Laboratories Limited Vewry, BT35 6PU, Co. Down,

The Norbrook logos and Norfenicol® sre registered trademarks of Norbrook Laboratories Limited.



